

# JODI FENTON (GOLD)'S DIAGNOSIS & RECOVERY DOCUMENTS

DIAGNOSIS: ANAPLASTIC ASTROCYTOMA (brain cancer) (treated only with antineoplastons)

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www.burzynskimovie.com

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# DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL IMAGING SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER

#### Report of Radiologic Findings

EXAMS: 000670598 HEAD WITHOUT IV

70450

COMPUTERIZED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE BRAIN, 5/11/00

INDICATION: Possible mass lesion.

#### PROCEDURE:

This study was performed without intravenous contrast infusion, as requested by the referring physician. This study is correlated with a report of an MRI scan earlier in the day.

#### FINDINGS:

There is an approximately 2 cm low density lesion in the left parietal lobe deep white matter, demonstrated by MRI earlier in the day to represent a mass. The lesion does not appear to contain calcifications. Ventricles appear normal in size and contour. No midline shift. No acute intracerebral hemorrhage or focal mass effect. The posterior fossa appears normal. These images were also examined at bone window settings to evaluate the skull bones which appear intact.

#### CONCLUSION:

- 1. Approximately 2 cm low density lesion in the deep white matter of the left parietal lobe, near the vertex. This was demonstrated on an MRI scan earlier in the day to represent a mass. The lesion does not contain calcifications.
- 2. No evidence of a midline shift.
- 3. No acute intracerebral hemorrhage.

REPORTED BY: , M.D

TECHNOLOGIST: XJAM

TRANSCRIBED DATE/TIME: 05/11/2000 (2221) RAD.ELB

CC:

PAGE 1

REPORT

SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER Santa Monica, California 90404 Department of Imaging 310 Patient: GOLD, JODI

Doctor:

Age: 31 Sex: F DOB:

Patient Phone #:

Exam Date: 05/11/2000 LOC: 381 1

MR#: M0426279 STATUS: ADM IN

MD, Director

Report of Radiologic Findings

EXAMS: 000670057 MRI BRAIN SCAN

70551

MRI OF THE BRAIN (OUTSIDE REVIEW), 5/11/00

HISTORY: Mass.

FINDINGS:

Magnetic resonance angiography of the brain including post Gadolinium images were submitted for review. Prior studies were not available.

In the left parietal lobe there is an intra-axial mass extending from the superior to the body of the corpus callosum, towards the vertex. The mass is hypointense on T1 weighted images and markedly hyperintense on T2 weighted images. There is a thin ring of intermediate hypointensity on T1 weighted images which becomes moderately hyperintense on T2 weighted images. Post Gadolinium demonstrates enhancement slightly greater at the periphery. The mass measures 2.2 cm superior/inferior by 1.8 cm anterior/posterior by 1.5 cm mediolateral. There may be a small rim of edema. However, there is no significant mass effect. Ventricles are symmetric in appearance. There is no midline shift. No other masses or abnormal enhancement is present. Ventricles and sulci are otherwise normal in size and configuration. There are no abnormal extra-axial fluid collections.

#### IMPRESSION:

Left parietal intra-axial mass, most suspicious for a neoplasm. A primary neoplasm is suspected rather than a metastatic lesion, given the lack of edema. Other considerations include lymphoma, inflammatory process, including an abscess. Lack of edema makes an abscess less likely. However, the appearance of the mass is not pathognomonic. There is no MR sign of coarse calcification

(CONTINUED) PAGE 1 Draft Report Patient: GOLD, JODI SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER Doctor: Sex: F DOB: Santa Monica, California 90404 Age: 31 Patient Phone #: Department of Imaging Exam Date: 05/11/2000 LOC: 381 1 310. STATUS: ADM IN MR#: M0426279

# DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL IMAGII SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER

MD, Director

Report of Radiologic Findings

EXAMS: 000670057 MRI BRAIN SCAN

70551

<Continued>

within the mass.

REPORTED BY: , M.D.

TECHNOLOGIST: XNLP

TRANSCRIBED DATE/TIME: 05/11/2000 (2208) RAD.ELB

CC:

PAGE 2

Draft Report

SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER

Santa Monica, California 90404

Department of Imaging

310.

Patient: GOLD, JODI

Age: 31 Sex: F Patient Phone #: DOB:

Exam Date: 05/11/2000

LOC: 381 1

MR#: M0426279

STATUS: ADM IN

#### DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL IMAGING SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER

MD, Director

#### Report of Radiologic Findings

EXAMS: 000670451 MR SPECTROSCOPY

76390

MR SPECTROSCOPY OF THE BRAIN 05/11/00

HISTORY: Left parietal mass.

TECHNIQUE: Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy was performed on a 1.5 Tesla GE MRI system.

Voxel was placed within the center of an enhancing mass in the left parietal lobe. Additional voxel was placed near the edge of the mass, containing both peripheral nonenhancing probable edema, as well as tumor. A smaller voxel could not be performed. Control voxels on the contralateral right parietal lobe was performed.

Localizing sagittal T1W and axial T2W images were performed.

FINDINGS: Comparison is made to outside MRI of the brain dated 05/10/00. Redemonstrated is a left parietal intra-axial mass which is hypointense on TIW images and hyperintense on T2W images. The mass measures approximately 2.67 X 2.02 X 2.55 cm. There is a slightly less hypodense and less hyperintense periphe al rim of approximately 2 to 3 mm, likely representing a small rim of nonenhancing edema as evidenced by the prior examination.

MR spectroscopy of the left parietal mass demonstrates a markedly elevated choline peak. There is a decrease in the N-acetyl group of N-acetyl aspartate (NAA). The creatinine peak is unchanged. The choline-to-creatinine ratio is increased. The aspartate peak is unchanged as compared to normal. The lactate peak is decreased.

#### IMPRESSION:

Proton MR spectroscopy of left parietal mass is most consistent with a neoplasm. The decreased lactate suggests this is a likely mid grade neoplasm, such as an anaplastic glioma, given the degree of enhancement on the prior study. The imaging characteristics, including a lack of significant edema makes a metastatic lesion less likely. Other MR spectroscopy features, in particular the decreased lactate, make the diagnosis of lymphoma or abscess or other infectious process less likely.

PAGE 1

REPORT

(CONTINUED)

SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER

Santa Monica, California 90404

Department of Imaging

310

Age: 31 Sex: F
Patient Phone #: Exam Date: 05/11/2000
MR#: M0426279

Patient: GOLD, JODI

LOC: 281 1 STATUS: ADM IN

DOB:

Doctor:

MD, Director

Report of Radiologic Findings

EXAMS: 000670057 MRI BRAIN SCAN

70551

MRI OF THE BRAIN (OUTSIDE REVIEW), 5/11/00

HISTORY: Mass.

FINDINGS:

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In the left parietal lobe there is an intra-axial mass extending from the superior to the body of the corpus callosum, towards the vertex. The mass is hypointense on T1 weighted images and markedly hyperintense on T2 weighted images. There is a thin ring of intermediate hypointensity on T1 weighted images which becomes moderately hyperintense on T2 weighted images. Post Gadolinium demonstrates enhancement slightly greater at the periphery. The mass measures 2.2 cm superior/inferior by 1.8 cm anterior/posterior by 1.5 cm mediolateral. There may be a small rim of edema. However, there is no significant mass effect. Ventricles are symmetric in appearance. There is no midline shift. No other masses or abnormal enhancement is present. Ventricles and sulci are otherwise normal in size and configuration. There are no abnormal extra-axial fluid collections.

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REPORTED BY:

TECHNOLOGIST: XNLP

TRANSCRIBED DATE/TIME: 05/11/2000 (2208) RAD.ELB

CC:

PAGE 1

REPORT

SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER Santa Monica, California 90404 Department of Imaging 310.

Doctor:
Age: 31 Sex: F
Patient Phone #:
Exam Date: 05/11/2000

DOB:

MR#: M0426279

Patient: GOLD, JODI

STATUS: DIS IN



# DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL IMAGING SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER

MD, Director

Report of Radiologic Findings

EXAMS: 000670451 MR SPECTROSCOPY

76390

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Dr. and Dr. were notified 05/11/00 1700 hours.

REPORTED BY:

TECHNOLOGIST: XNLP

TRANSCRIBED DATE/TIME: 05/11/2000 (1921) RAD.DLK

cc:

PAGE 2

REPORT

SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER

Santa Monica, California 90404

Department of Imaging

310

Patient Phone #: Exam Date: 05/11/2000

Sex: F

Patient: GOLD, JODI

MR#: M0426279

Doctor:

Age: 31

DOB:

STATUS: ADM IN

SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER, 1328 22ND ST., SANTA MONICA, CA 90404 , M.D., MEDICAL DIRECTOR DEPT. OF PATHOLOGY,

PRINTED: 05/17/00

PATHOLOGY REPORT

1814 HRS

Patient: GOLD, JODI 31/F

Acct #: L014972012 M0426279

Patient Loc: 4M Room: 405-1

Adm: 05/15/00

Reg:

Dis: 05/16/00

Attend MD:

Accession #: S-3990-00 Coll: 05/15/00 Submitted By: Recd: 05/15/00

Status: DIS IN

Copies To:

CLINICAL HISTORY

Preoperative diagnosis: Left parietal mass.

GROSS DESCRIPTION

Labeled "biopsy left parietal mass": The specimen consists of a core of gray tissue which measures 1.0 cm in length x 1.0 to 2.0 mm in thickness. Small portions from either end are used for smear cytologic preparation. Small portion is frozen for frozen section diagnosis and the remainder is fixed in B5. Totally embedded as follows: FSA - frozen section, B remainder of tissue fixed in B5. ADM/adc

INTRAOPERATIVE CONSULTATION WITH CYTOLOGY EVALUATION:

Glial process.

Most consistent with anaplastic astrocytoma.

INTRAOPERATIVE FROZEN SECTION CONSULTATION:

High grade glioma.

Microscopic sections are prepared and interpreted.

\*\* CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE \*\*

SAINT JOHN'S HEALTH CENTER, 1328 22ND ST., SANTA MONICA, CA 90404 , M.D., MEDICAL DIRECTOR DEPT. OF PATHOLOGY, PAGE: 2 PATHOLOGY REPORT PRINTED: 05/17/00 1814 HRS Patient: GOLD, JODI 31/F Acct #: L014972012 M0426279 Patient Loc: 4M Req: Adm: 05/15/00 Room: 405-1 Dis: 05/16/00 Status: DIS IN Attend MD: Accession #: S-3990-00 Coll: 05/15/00 Submitted By: Recd: 05/15/00 Copies To: MICROSCOPIC Smear preparations reveal a cellular glial process with prominent long predominantly thin cytoplasmic processes. Occasionally the processes are thicker and more tinctorial consistent with Rosenthal fibers. Nuclei are enlarged and vary in shape. Many gemistocytic forms are present. This smear preparation is consistent with a glial neoplasm. Tissue sections reveal a hypercellular process. There are many scattered gemistocytic astrocytes. There is a mild perivascular lymphocytic infiltrate. Definite necrosis is not identified and though there are some vessels, there is no definite endothelial proliferation. Nuclei of the astrocytes are enlarged and vary in shape. A few mitotic figures are identified including aberrant forms. This is an anaplastic astrocytoma which contains many gemistocytic forms. DIAGNOSIS BRAIN, PARIETAL, LEFT. - ANAPLASTIC ASTROCYTOMA.

\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*

MD 05/17/00

Signed signature on file

# **Tumor Measurements**

Name: Gold, Jodi
Patient ID: 006681

Start Date: 6/6/00 Stop Date: 11/1/01

### Measurements are in centimeters

Start Date+84: 8/29/00

			Mi	easurements are in cen	are in centimeters			1.2	start Date+84: 8/29/00
SATE	100	BAR IN		Ax.l Ax.2			cm <sup>1</sup>	Total	% vs Baseline % vs Previou
84>	6/1/00	MRI	Head Axial						
		1. Left from	ntoparietal anterior enhancement	0.2	×	0.1	0.02	6	
		2. Left from	ntoparietal lateral enhancement	0.5	x	0.3	0.15		
								0.17	0.0%
84>	7/3/00	MRI	Head Axial						
		1. Left from	ntoparietal anterior enhancement		x			NVT	"NVT" stands for
		2. Left from	ntoparietal lateralr enhancement		x			NVT	"no visible tumor"
84>	7/31/00	MRI	Head Axial						
		1. Left from	toparietal anterior enhancement		×	=		NVT	
		1. Left from	toparietal lateral enhancement		x		8	NVT	
	9/11/00	MRI	Head Axial						
		1. Left from	toparietal anterior enhancement		x	=		NVT	
		2. Left from	toparietal laterair enhancement		X			NVT	
	10/11/00	MRI	Head Axial						
		1. Left from	toparietal anterior enhancement		×	=		NVT	
		2. Left from	toparietal lateral enhancement		x	=		NVT	
	11/29/00	MRI	Head Axial						
		1. Left from	toparietal anterior enhancement		х	-	11.	NVT	
		2. Left fron	toparietal lateral enhancement		×	=		NVT	
	1/16/01	MRI	Head Axial						
		1. Left fron	toparietal anterior enhancement		×	=		NVT	
		2. Left fron	toparietal lateral enhancement		x	=		NVT	
	2/26/01	MRI	Head Axial		_	_			
			toparietal anterior enhancement		×	=		NVT	
		2. Left fron	toparietal lateral enhancement		х	=		NVT	
	4/27/01	MRI	Head Axial						
			toparietal anterior enhancement		X	=		NVT	
		2. Left from	toparietal anterior enhancement		X	=		NVT	
	6/25/01	MRI	Head Axial	- x	_		_		
		1. Left from	toparietal anterior enhancement		X	=		NVT	
		2. Left fron	toparietal anterior enhancement		X	=		NVT	

# **Tumor Measurements**

Name: Gold, Jodi
Patient ID: 006681

Start Date: 6/6/00 Stop Date: 11/1/01

# Measurements are in centimeters

Start Date+84: 8/29/00

		Measureme	rements are in centime			tart Date+64: 6/29/00
STORES.	遊戲類	Wilder Control of the Party of the Control of the C	Ax.1	Ax.2	cm <sup>2</sup> <u>Total</u>	% vs Baseline % vs Previo
9/24/01	MRI	Head Axial				
	1. Left from	ntoparietal anterior enhancement	×	=	NVT	
	2. Left from	ntoparietal lateral enhancement	x	=	NVT	
12/10/0	1 MRI	Head Axial				
	1. Left from	ntoparietal anterior enhancement	×	=	NVT	
	2. Left from	ntoparietal lateral enhancement	×	=	NVT	
3/11/02	MRI	Head Axial				
	1. Left from	ntoparietal anterior enhancement	×	=	NVT	
	2. Left from	ntoparietal lateral enhancement	×	=	NVT	
6/24/02	MRI	Head Axial				
	1. Left from	ntoparietal anterior enhancement	×	=	NVT	
	2. Left from	toparietal anterior enhancement	×	=	NVT	
				-		
V		emplete Response				
		rtial Response				
		able Disease				
듣		ogressive Disease				
F		n Evaluable				
	T - To	o Soon To Evaluate				
Comme	ents:					
	9/	7/02		0	n	
	Ď	ate	S.R.	Burzyns	ki M.D. Ph.D.	

Printed:

Tuesday, August 27, 2002

Page 2 of 2

Tumor Measurements are in centimeters



# Oncolmaging, P.A.





892 Ashburn Street Herndon, VA 20170 (703) 834-8877 Fax: (530) 324-6545

Certified by the American Board of Radiology

September 27, 2001

S. R. Burzynski, M.D., Ph.D. 9432 Old Katy Road, Suite 200 Houston, TX 77055

Re: Gold, Jodi

006681

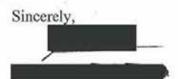
Dear Dr. Burzynski:

I have reviewed the series of brain MRI examinations performed on Ms. Jodi Gold, a 31year-old female diagnosed with left frontoparietal anaplastic astrocytoma in May 2000. The patient underwent stereotactic biopsy but no chemo- or radiotherapy. She began antineoplaston therapy on June 6, 2000.

Tumor burden as depicted by abnormal enhancement was measured on each of the MRI examinations. The initial study in June 2000 showed two foci of enhancement. These lesions subsequently resolved, a finding consistent with a complete response to therapy.

Review of the brain FDG PET scan performed on 6/8/00 demonstrated a frontoparietal photopenic focus consistent with a lack of metabolic activity. This corresponds to the MRI finding of necrosis with edema, and the lack of FDG uptake is consistent with no residual neoplasm.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this case.



# **TUMOR MEASUREMENTS**

Test Substance(s): Antineoplastons A10 and AS2-1 IND: 43,742

Date	Lesion	Exam	Modality	Projection		Dimension 1 (cm)	Dimension 2 (cm)	Product	% Change vs. Baseline	% Chang vs. Previous
					Anterior enhancement	0.3	0.2	0.06		
6/1/2000	Left frontoparietal mass	Brain	MRI	Axial	Superior enhancement	0.5	0.3	0.15	= 1	
100					1,1	0.21	0.0%			
7/3/2000	Left frontoparietal mass	Brain	MRI	Axial	N	0.00	-100.0%	-100,0%		
7/31/2000	Left frontoparietal mass	Brain	MRI	Axial	N	0.00	-100,0%	N/A		
9/11/2000	Left frontoparietal mass	Brain	MRI	Axial	N	0.00	-100.0%	N/A		
10/11/2000	Left frontoparietal mass	mass Brain MRI Axial No enhancement					0.00	-100,0%	N/A	
11/29/2000	Left frontoparietal mass Brain MRI Axial No enhancement				0.0	0.00	-100.0%	N/A		
1/16/2001	Left frontoparietal mass	Brain	MRI	Axial	No enhancement				-100.0%	N/A
2/28/2001	Left frontoparietal mass Brain MRI Axial No enhancement					0,00	-100.0%	N/A		
4/27/2001	Left frontoperietal mass	Brain	MRI.	Axial	No enhancement			0.00	-100.0%	N/A
6/25/2001	Left frontoparietal mass	Brain	MRI	Axial	No	0.00	-100.0%	N/A		